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A Comparison of Boston's Group Quarters Population 1980 and 1985

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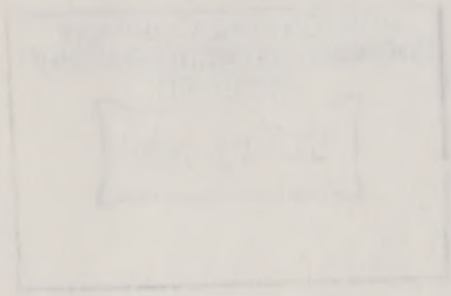

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Summary and Introduction

Boston's group quarters population is varied and diverse*. It includes persons not living in households - persons such as students living in dormitories, the elderly living in nursing homes, and the incarcerated to name a few. This report is a comparison of Boston's group quarters population for the years 1980 and 1985 which are significant as the years of the decennial and mid-decade censuses.

The aim of our survey is not to replicate the censuses undertaken by the federal and state governments, rather it is to analyze trends occurring within the group quarters population. We use the largest segments of the population, those found in dormitories and homes for the aged, as indicators for trends in the universe of our study. Also thumbnail sketches of various group quarters populations are provided.

The 1980 federal census showed 39,141 people in group quarters. The following chart provides the breakdown:

Persons in Group Quarters by Type of Group Quarters

Mental Hospital	1,477
Home for the Aged	6,239
Other Institution	2,283
Military Barracks	-0-
College Dormitory	19,820
Other Group Quarters	9,322
Total	39,141

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

* See Appendix for census definitions of group quarters

In our survey, 1980 data are unavailable for halfway houses, rooming houses, and detox centers. One Boston based college (New England School of Optometry) failed to provide 1980 data.

The universe of our survey is a total of 24,709 persons living in group quarters in 1980 and 34,918 in 1985, an increase of 58 percent. The groups we are unable to track are those in communes, railroad stations, in general or maternity wards of hospitals, homeless families living in crowded apartments with other families, those living in transient quarters or people living on the street, and homes for the handicapped.

There was a 37 percent increase in students living in dormitories between 1980 and 1985. This phenomenon is a reaction to the high rental costs in the Boston housing market that is causing students to move back into dormitories. In 1980, dormitories accounted for 62 percent of the total population (a smaller field than in 1985). In 1985, dormitories comprised 52 percent of the total population.

The population in homes for the aged rose 14 percent. An increase which is attributable to an overall increase in the elderly population.

Jails and correction facilities have a great deal of pressure placed on them. Between 1980 and 1985, the population of the incarcerated increased by sixty-eight percent indicating overcrowded facilities.

Boarding schools as such are non-existent in Boston.

Group care facilities for court involved youth showed a slight growth in population. The population rose from 520 persons in 1980 to 531 persons in 1985 shows an increase of two percent. This is an indicator of the stabilization of the general population. The scarcity of orphans has had an effect on the at large population. As a result, we see trends such as surrogate mothering.

Psychiatric hospitals in Boston have a population that is difficult to monitor because of the revolving door syndrome whereby some patients are repeat users of services. We find a 74 percent increase in population between 1980 and 1985.

Religious quarters have increased in population by twenty-two percent. However, the largest increase of population is in the homeless shelter category. There was a 355 percent increase between 1980 and 1985. This trend shows that there is definitely need of a large amount of public support in this area. Mariners have nearly doubled in number (205% increase) between 1980 and 1985. As Boston is becoming more international, more residences are needed for the crews of ships.

Since there was no way to replecate the full 1980 group quarters population in order to generate a 1985 number, a ratio share method was used.

$$\frac{38,918}{32,709} = \frac{x}{39,141}$$

$$x = \frac{(38,918)(39,141)}{32,709}$$

$$x = 46,570$$

Thus, the 1985 estimate of group quarters population is 46,570 up from 39,141 in 1980.

A Comparison of Boston's Group Quarters Population

1980 and 1985

	1980*	1985**
Educational Institutions (Dormitories)	16,943+	21,779++
Homes for the Aged	4,932	5,647
Jails, Correctional Facilities	612	1,026
Boarding Schools	-0-	-0-
Orphanages and All Children Schools & Centers (Group Care Facilities for Court Involved Youth)	520	531
Halfway Houses	N/A	2,032
Psychiatric Hospitals	517	897
Convents, Seminaries, Religious Quarters	663	810
SROs, Rooming Houses	N/A	3,067
Homeless Shelters	487	2,218
Crews of Ships	35	107
Detox Centers	N/A	804
Total	24,709	38,918

** One college did not provide 1985 data (Burdett)

* 1 college did not provide 1980 data (New England School of Optometry)

+ Includes Boston University Figure for 1981 student housing.

++ Includes Boston University figure for 1985 student housing

Source: BRA Research Department

Survey of Persons in Group Quarters by Type of Group Quarters

1980

Mental Hospital	517
Homes for the Aged	4,932
Other Institution	1,619
Military Barracks	-0-
College Dormitory	16,943
Other Group Quarters	698
Total	24,709

Source: BRA Research Department

Survey of Persons in Group Quarters by Type of Group Quarters

1985

Mental Hospital	897
Homes for the Aged	5,647
Other Institution	4,579
Military Barracks	-0-
College Dormitory	21,779
Other Group Quarters	6,016
Total	38,918

Source: BRA Research Department

Trends in Population

A Brief Look at Boston's Student Housing Stock During 1980 and 1985*

In 1980, twenty-three (23) schools owned and operated residence facilities (or owned a building which contained some residential units) to provide student housing; in 1985, this increased to twenty-four (24) colleges.

In 1980 and 1985, one college, that did not own any dormitory space, leased residential units from another college to accommodate all of its student housing needs. In addition, two smaller schools referred their students to independently owned and operated dormitories located in Boston.

Although several colleges own student housing facilities, four schools, in 1980 and 1985, had to supplement the housing stock they owned with additional leased space to meet the demand for student housing in those years.

* Twenty-five (25) colleges and professional school were contacted by telephone. Contacted were those schools which had students living in dormitories or other residence halls located in Boston. In addition to the telephone survey, written reports on the student housing situation at two colleges were consulted. These reports were not included in the telephone survey. As a result, twenty-seven (27) educational institutions provided the following information. See Appendix for additional information.

Emmanuel College

Owns all their dormitories and rents some space at other colleges

New England School of Nursing

Owns its own residence

Bay State Jr. College

Owns one dormitory

New England College of Optometry

Did not have housing in 1980; owned one building in 1985

New England Conservatory

Owns one dormitory for approximately 160 students

New England Deaconess Hospital

Owns one residence

Northeastern University

In 1980 leased YMCA units. The university owns 17 buildings with 3,600 units; in 1985 rented from Emmanuel to meet increased demand

St. John's Seminary

Owns its own residence

Simmons College

Owns nine residence halls; leased space in 1980 and 1985; leased Wheelock space for the past three years

Tufts University - Medical

Owns its own residences

Tufts University - Dental

Owns its own residences

Tufts University - Veterinary

Owns its own residences

Wentworth Institute

Owns its residence

Newbury College

Owns five residence halls

Boston College

Owns some dorm space in Boston

Boston University

Has leased space in addition to owning many residence facilities

St. Elizabeth School of Nursing

Owns one dormitory

Art Institute of Boston

Students find residence independently; the Art Institute does not own or lease dormitory space

Berklee College of Music

Owned all its dormitories between 1980 and 1985

Boston Conservatory of Music

Owns five buildings that house 162 students

Butera School of Art

Has an independent dormitory system

Chamberlayne Jr. College

Owns two residence halls; in 1987 leased rooms in a motel

Fisher Junior College

Owned seven buildings for dormitories in 1980; in 1985 leased another building and motel space

Harvard Business School

Owns four dormitories which house approximately 600 students

Harvard Medical School

Has one dormitory that is owned by the school

Harvard School of Public Health

Owns one house for dormitory space

Laboure College

Owns one building

Mass College of Pharmacology

Leases all dormitory space from Emmanuel; Mass College does not own any dormitories

Nursing Home Population

Between 1980 and 1985 there was a 14.3 percent increase in residents in Boston's nursing home population. In 1980, there was a total of 4,932 nursing home residents compared to 5,647 in 1985. These residents were located in 60 facilities. Jamaica Plain had the largest share of nursing homes (14) with approximately 953 residents. This lead in population was maintained in 1985, with 1,012 residents, an increase of 6 percent.

Dorchester came in second in terms of number of facilities however, Roslindale had the second highest number of residents both in 1980 and 1985. Allston, Downtown and Roslindale each had one nursing home facility.

Downtown had the least amount of residents with none in 1980 and 140 in 1985. The 1985 figure represents 2.5 percent of the total 1985 population.

Boston's Nursing Home Population

Includes Retirement Homes, Geriatric Centers, and

Rehabilitation Centers for the Aged

Neighborhood	Number of Facilities	Residents for Years 1980	1985
Allston	1	(150)	150
Downtown	1	Not in existence	140
Brighton	7	400	548
Dorchester	9	590	590
East Boston	3	366	329
Hyde Park	3	300	300
Jamaica Plain	14	953+	1,012
Mattapan	3	122*	210
Roslindale	1	714	709
Roxbury	10	517+	587
South Boston	3	479	590
West Roxbury	5	341	481
Total	60	4,932	5,647

( ) Estimate; no records available for that year
* Includes facilities where records are unavailable
+ One facility did not have records available for that year

Nursing and Retirement Home Populations

	1980	1985
Allston		
Allston Nursing Home	(est.) 150	150
Boston		
North End Community Nursing Home	Not in existence	140
Brighton		
Presentation Manor	122	122
Circle Manor Nursing Home	Previous Owner	65
Corey Hill Nursing Home, Inc.	42	42
Greenery Rehab. Center	70	35
Provident Nursing Home	125	100
Regent Nursing Home	41	41
Oakwood Long Term Care	Previous Owner	143
Dorchester		
Beatrice-Catherine Rest Home	18	18
Beatrice Marie Nursing Home	109	109
Boston Home	42	42
Nelson Nursing Home	47	47
Edgewood Nursing Home	98	98
Grampian Nursing Home	26	26
Wayne Nursing Home	78	78
The Martin Nursing Home	150	150
Tara Nursing Home	22	22

	1980	1985
East Boston		
Columbus Nursing Home	110	110
Don Orione Home	194	194
Marco Polo Rest Home, Inc.	62	25
Hyde Park		
Hyde Park Conv. Home	53	53
Parkwell Nursing Home	124	124
Village Manor Nursing Home	123	123
Jamaica Plain		
Arborway Manor Conv. Home	32	32
Armenian Nursing Home	83	83
Almeida Nursing Home	No record	27
Auburn House Nursing Home	69	68
Bradley Nursing Home	26	26
Duplex Nursing Home	46	46
Franida House, Inc.	22	22
Haven Nursing Home	20	20
Goddard House	111	144
Jamaica Towers Nursing Home	120	120
Mary Murphy Nursing Home	91	91
Sherrill House	157	157
Rogerson House	56	56
Stadium Manor Nursing Home	120	120

	1980	1985
Mattapan		
Frank Wood Conv. Home	58	62
Mittonview Nursing Home	64	64
Riverside Nursing Home	Previous Owner	85
Roslindale		
Hebrew Rehab Center for the Aged	714	709
Roxbury		
Ellen James Rest Home	40	38
Elm Hill Nursing Home	(No records) 53	53
Englewood Nursing Home	35	35
Gardner House Rest Home	24	24
Oakhaven Nursing Home	38	38
Parker Hill Manor Rest Home	26	25
Resthaven Corporation	156 Capacity 240	229
St. Monica's Home	42	42
Sheriff Manor Nursing Home	60	60
Tudor House Nursing Home	43	43
South Boston		
Bayside Nursing Home	103	103
Harbor Inn Nursing Home, Inc.	Not in existence	111
Marion Manor Nursing Home	376	376

	1980	1985
West Roxbury		
Deutsches Attenheim, Inc.	40	40
Stonehedge Nursing Home	79	79
Star of David Conv. Center	146	146
VFW Parkway Nursing Home	Changed Ownership	140
West Roxbury Manor Nursing Home	76	76
Total:	4,932	5,647

Thumbnail Sketches of Group Quarters Population

Jails, Correctional Facilities

A recent count of inmates on Deer Island, the correctional institution serving Boston, totaled 461. Deer Island is located in Winthrop but serves the Boston population. The 1980 annual average was 301 inmates. The 1985 average was 475 inmates and the 1986 average was 500.*

The Suffolk County Jail (Charles Street Jail), also serving Boston, is an all male facility run by Sheriff Rufo and currently has 270 inmates. In 1980, there was an annual total of 3,731 inmates and in 1985, the annual total was 6,311 inmates, an increase of 69 percent.** In other words, Suffolk County Jail had a 1980 monthly average of 311 inmates and a 1984 monthly average of 526 inmates.

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* These figures were provided by the Department of Correction.

** Source: Suffolk County Jail.

Residential Programs for Court Involved Youth

In 1980 there were seven facilities with group care programs.* Included in these centers were 128 beds serving a predominantly male population. The largest establishment was the New England Home for Little Wanders in Boston with 66 beds for a mixed male and female population. The remainder of the group care facilities were segregated according to gender. Four establishments (the Ambrose House, the DARE House, the DARE-Parrish House, and the Perrin House) served all male populations. The Everett House in Dorchester and the Volunteers of America Girls' Residence in Jamaica Plain serviced a totally female population.

The two institutions with specialized group care programs had thirty beds in 1980. The Andromeda House in Mattapan was an all male facility with 15 beds while the Discovery House provided 15 beds for a male and female population.

In 1980, residential schools provided shelter to diverse populations - from the unsighted to the orphaned. There were a total of 225 beds throughout Boston's residential schools. There was a preponderance of co-ed facilities in this category with four out of five residential schools being co-ed. The Nazareth Child Care Center in Jamaica Plain was the largest facility of this type and the Boston Center for Blind Children was the smallest.

In 1980 the secure detention and treatment programs together had 137 beds. The largest program of this type was the Judge John J. Connelly Youth Center in Roslindale with 35 beds. The Charlestown Overnight Arrest Unit was the smallest facility with ten beds. The maximum length of stay at this unit was 45 days.

* See Appendix for definitions.

In 1984 there were eleven centers with group care programs* in Boston's neighborhoods such as Jamaica Plain, Dorchester, Brighton, and Roxbury. In this category, four centers served a co-ed population; five centers served an all male population; and two centers served females only. An estimate of the 1984 residing population based on the number of beds in group care facilities servicing each population type indicates a 1984 population of 171.

In 1984, The Andromeda House in Mattapan was the only specialized group care facility for youth in Boston. It was an all male establishment with a population of 15.

Boston as such does not have any boarding schools, however, there are residential schools with programs for court involved youth. The five centers providing such residences in 1984 ranged from the Charles Hayden Goodwill Inn School in Dorchester with 48 beds for a completely male population to the Hill Top Program, a co-ed facility with nine beds also in Dorchester. All told, the residential schools had a population of 193.

There were three shelter care centers with a combined total of forty persons. These centers were located in Charlestown, Dorchester, and Boston. Boston Crisis Shelter in Charlestown had a co-ed residential population of 14; Challenge Shelter Care in Dorchester had an all male residential population of 14; and Place Runaway House, Inc., in Boston had a co-ed population of twelve.

Boston in 1984 operated seven Secure Detention and Treatment Programs. These services were provided to an overwhelmingly male population. A little over 95 percent of the population served was male. Out of a population of 92 only 4 were women.

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* 1984 numbers in this section provide best estimates of population since we are lacking a reliable city-wide percent change figure from 1984-1985. There was no significant change in Suffolk County population between 1984 and 1985 during which population rose 1.25%.

Jamaica Plain housed Boston's only foster care facility and has a population of 20. The facility, Boston Basics, Inc., was co-ed and served the Metropolitan Boston and Southeast Regions of Massachusetts.

It should be noted that there are two errors in this estimation. For example, not all the residents are from Boston and the population is estimated from the number of beds per facility. The total estimated population in the center is 531.

1980-Residential Programs for Court Involved Youth

I. Group Care Programs*

1. Ambrose House, Boston
2. DARE House, Jamaica Plain
3. DARE-Parish House, Dorchester
4. Everett House, Dorchester
5. The New England Home for Little Wanders, Boston
6. Perrin House, Roxbury
7. Volunteers of American Girls' Residence, Jamaica Plain

II. Specialized Group Care Programs*

1. Andromeda House, Mattapan
2. Discovery House/Diagnostic Services Center

III. Residential Schools*

1. Boston Center for Blind Children, Boston
2. Charles Hayden Goodwill Inn School for Boys, Dorchester
3. DARE School of Boston, Boston
4. Italian Home for Children, Inc., Jamaica Plain
5. Nazareth Child Care Center, Jamaica Plain

IV. Shelter Care Programs*

1. Discovery House, Mattapan
2. Place Runaway House, Inc., Boston

V. Secure Detention and Treatment Program*

1. Challenge Program, Mattapan
2. Charlestown Girls' Secure Detention Unit, Charlestown
3. Charlestown Overnight Arrest Unit, Charlestown
4. Judge John J. Connelly Youth Center, Roslindale
5. DMH Region VI Adolescent REhabilitation Program, Boston
6. Greater Boston YMCA Intensive Treatment Unit, Mattapan
7. Greater Boston YMCA Secure Treatment, Roslindale
8. League School of Boston Residences, Boston
9. Project Turnaround, Charlestown

* Refers to six service categories. See Appendix for definitions.

1984-Residential Programs for Court Involved Youth

I. Group Care Programs*

1. Ambrose House, Boston
2. Community Care Center, Jamaica Plain
3. Everett House, Dorchester
4. Fine House, Brighton
5. Knight Children's Center, Boston
6. Lindeman Center, Boston
7. Metro Boston Group Home, Boston
8. The New England Home for Little Wanders, Boston
9. Perrin House, Roxbury
10. Project Unity, Jamaica Plain
11. Volunteers of American Girls' Residence, Jamaica Plain

II. Specialized Group Care*

1. Andromeda House, Mattapan

III. Residential Schools*

1. Boston Center for Blind Children, Boston
2. Charles Hayden Goodwill Inn School, Dorchester
3. Hill Top Program, Dorchester
4. Italian Home for Children, Inc., Jamaica Plain
5. Nazareth Child Care Center, Jamaica Plain

IV. Shelter Care*

1. Boston Crisis Shelter, Charlestown
2. Challenge - Shelter Care, Dorchester
3. Place Runaway House, Inc., Boston

V. Secure Detention and Treatment Programs*

1. Boston Secure Treatment, Roslindale
2. Challenge - Secure Detention, Dorchester
3. Charlestown Boys Detention and Overnight Arrest, Charlestown
4. Judge Connelly Treatment Program, Roslindale
5. Jude Connelly Youth Care, Roslindale
6. Girls - Overnight Arrest, Mattapan
7. Ledgewood Short-Term Unit, Mattapan

VI. Foster Care

1. Boston Basics, Inc., Jamaica Plain

* Refers to six service categories. See Appendix for definitions.

Alcohol Halfway Houses

There are presently seventeen (17) public alcohol halfway houses in Boston representing 2,032 admissions for fiscal year 1986 (from July 1, 1985 to June 30, 1986).* Eleven halfway houses serve only males, and two are women only. The rest are mixed residences.

In addition, the percentage of white males admitted outnumber women and black males by more than 50 percent.

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* Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Division of Alcoholism provided statistical tables. See Appendix.

Inherent to the number of admissions reported, is an error factor of repeat admissions that reflects the revolving door syndrome of halfway houses and drug and alcohol treatment centers.

Psychiatric Hospitals

Boston's two psychiatric hospitals are the Arbour Hospital in Jamaica Plain and the Solomon Carter Fuller Hospital in Dorchester. The Arbour Hospital is licensed at 118 beds. In 1980, the Arbour ran a census of 92 residents. In 1985, the census count had risen to 101 residents representing nearly a 10 percent increase in number of patients.

Since the average occupancy of the Solomon Carter Fuller Hospital today is 127 percent,* a conservative figure for average occupancy in 1980 and 1985 is at 100 percent level. The Solomon Carter Fuller Hospital had 425 admissions in 1980 compared to 796 admissions in 1985, a 87 percent increase in the number of people admitted.** Furthermore, there were 1.164 admissions per day in 1980 and 2.18 in 1985. The Solomon Carter Fuller Hospital has 54 licensed beds and a 30-bed residence.

* Source: Solomon Carter Fuller Hospital

** These numbers do not reflect length of stay, or number of different people.

Solomon Carter Fuller Hospital

Number of Admissions

Month	1980	1985
January	73	56
February	69	62
March	60	71
April	56	68
May	36	66
June	15	71
July	17	59
August	18	69
September	18	66
October	17	70
November	20	73
December	26	65
Total Number of Admissions	or 1.164 Admissions/Day	or 2.18 Admissions/Day

Source: Solomon Carter Fuller Hospital

Religious Quarters

In 1980 there were 197 men in religious orders of the Catholic Church in Boston* as contrasted to the 230 figure for 1985, an increase of 17 percent. The Jesuit Fathers experienced the largest decline in population having fallen 75 percent in the five year period between 1980 and 1985. The Loyola House population fell six percent as did the Marist Boston Residence. The Redemptorist Fathers and Brothers dropped 6.5%. The Paulist Fathers' population declined 7.7 percent. These latter numbers are not as significant as the 75 percent decline mentioned earlier, but they do indicate a trend in individual orders.

Boston has a large number of women serving in religious orders. The religious orders of women are individually and collectively showing strong increases in number of members. Overall, there has been a 25 percent increase in population between 1980 and 1985 (from 466 persons to 580 persons).

The Daughters of St. Paul have the largest number of women in religious service. In 1980, the order had 104 women and in 1985 it had 127, representing a 22 percent increase in number.

The greatest decrease in number was experienced by the order of Sisters of St. Joan of Arc who lost four nuns and declined 44.4 percent. The largest percent increase in population within an order was experienced by the Cenacle Religious which rose 94.0 percent. In 1980, the order had five members compared to the 1985 figure of 52 members.

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* 1980 information for the orders of Christian Brothers of Ireland, and St. Andrew House is not available. 1985 information for St. Christopher Friary is not available.

Religious Orders of Men with a Population 9+

	Order	1980	1985
1)	Christian Brothers of Ireland	N/A	25
2)	St. Christopher Friary	12	N/A
3)	St. Andrew House	N/A	28
4)	Loyola House	17	16
5)	Marist Boston Residence	17	16
6)	Jesuit Fathers Society of Jesus New England	40	10
7)	Paulist Fathers	13	12
8)	Redemptorist Fathers and Brothers	31	29
9)	Regina Cleri	32	40
10)	St. Anthony Residence	13	17
11)	St. Clements, Oblates of the Virgin Mary	22	37
	Total	197	230

Religious Orders of Women with a Population 9+

	Order	1980	1985
1)	Bernadine Sisters OSF	N/A	21
2)	Carmelite Monastery of Boston	12	13
3)	Cenacle Religious	5	52
4)	Columbian Sisters	13	11
5)	Daughters of St. Paul	104	127
6)	Little Missionary Sisters of Charity	N/A	9
7)	Cenacle Spiritual Renewal Center	49	N/A
8)	Oblates of the Most Holy Redeemer	N/A	35
9)	Poor Clare Nuns Monastery of St. Clare	29	32
10)	Sisters of St. Joan of Arc	9	5
11)	Sisters of St. Joseph	120	150
12)	Our Lady's Guild House	125	125
	Total	466	580

SROs, Rooming Houses

The 1985 population figure for lodging house residents was obtained from a previous survey of "Licensed Lodging Housing", which listed the number of lodgers living in licensed lodging houses as of October, 1985. In addition, reports from Board of Appeals were perused to account for any changes (conversions or additions) to the lodging house stock. The results indicate a 1985 lodging house population of just over 3,067 residents.

Crews of Ships

In general, mariners do not mingle with the general public; they find lodging where other mariners stay. Boston has two boarding houses that serve seamen. The Mariner's House at 11 North Square, Boston is today running at 80 percent occupancy. The House serviced thirty-five sailors in 1980 and forty sailors in 1985.

The other boarding house is the Boston Seamen's Friend Society which was in the moving process in 1980. In 1985, the establishment served 800 people through the course of the year. The monthly average was 67 people.

Detoxification Centers

Boston has six detox centers. Total admissions for fiscal year 1986 was 9,228. The average age of those admitted to detox centers was in the late thirties. The population was primarily white male, with a small percentage of female admissions, and few Hispanics. The number of blacks admitted varied depending on the detox center, but never exceeded the fifty-five percent at Dimock Detox in Roxbury. Dimock Mental Health Center is a key agency serving Boston, operating Dimock Halfway House and Dimock youth.

The following is a list of Boston's detox centers and their location:

Andrew House - Dorchester
Boston Detox - South End
Transitional Care Facility - South End
Dimock Detox - Roxbury
Mattapan Stir - Mattapan
River Street Detox - Dorchester

"Two state facilities - MCI Bridgewater and Tewksbury State Hospital - operate detox programs which many Boston homeless persons utilize. These persons are allowed to remain at each hospital when the detox program is completed for an unlimited duration. The staffs estimate that as many as two-thirds of Bridgewater's 440 beds and Tewksbury's 150 beds are occupied by homeless persons referred by Pine Street Inn and other Boston shelters."*

* Making Room: Comprehensive Policy for the Homeless, City of Boston, Raymond Flynn, Mayor, December 1986.

Drug Residential Detox

Dorchester has the only public residential detox for drug abusers. Last year the average age of those admitted was 31.6; over fifty percent were male; 48.8 percent were white; 40.9 percent were black; and 8.4 percent were Hispanic; 1.9 other. The average educational level was eleven years of school, and 85.2 percent were unemployed. The population in fiscal year 1986 was 418.

Appendix

Methodology

The Group Quarters Population survey work began in July of 1986 as a continuation of a study originally conducted by Gregory Perkins based on the 1980 U.S. Census. The focus of the July, 1986, survey was to count dormitory populations, nursing home residents, and lodging house residents.

Names, addresses, and phone numbers were gathered for all post-secondary educational institutions located within Boston's sixteen neighborhoods. A one-page survey was created and sent to sixty-five (65) institutions of higher education. The overall response rate is seventy-nine percent of the total participants. Results are based on responses from twenty-five colleges which operate dormitories or residence halls for the students.

In addition to the survey for institutions of higher education, a telephone survey was conducted to obtain residential census information on Boston's homes for the aged. These include nursing homes, retirement homes, and long-term rehabilitation centers for the aged. This survey was completed in early January 1987.

Currently, there are sixty (60) residential facilities for the aged located within the City of Boston. The newest facility opened for operation in 1983 and therefore is not included in 1980 group quarters population figures.

U.S. Census Bureau figures include lodging house residents under the category "Other Group Quarters". As a result, the 1980 lodging house population was not counted separately.

There is a category, Institution-Other, that includes:

1. Jails, Correctional Facilities
2. Hospitals and Sanitoria (chronic disease)
3. Boarding Schools
4. Orphanages

Group Quarters

As Defined by U.S. Census

"All persons not living in households are classified by the Bureau of the Census as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized:

Inmates of Institutions - Persons under care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration are classified as 'patients or inmates' of an institution regardless of the length of stay in that place and regardless of the number of people in that place. Institutions include homes, schools, hospitals or wards for the physically or mentally handicapped; hospitals or wards for mental, tubercular, or chronic disease patients; homes for unmarried mothers; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; orphanages; and correctional institutions.

Other - This category includes all persons living in group quarters who are not inmates of institutions. Rooming and boarding houses, communes, farm and non-farm workers' dormitories, convents or monasteries, and other living quarters are classified as "other" group quarters if there are 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire; or if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit. Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "other" group quarters regardless of the number or relationship of people in the unit. These include residing in military barracks, on ships, in college dormitories, or in sorority and fraternity houses; patents in general or maternity wards of hospitals who have no usual residence elsewhere; staff members in institutional quarters; and persons enumerated in missions, flophouses, Salvation Army shelters, railroad stations, etc.

Military quarters include barracks or dormitories on base, transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military) and military ships.

Psychiatric hospitals are included under the category of institutions as are homes for the aged, which include retirement homes, geriatric centers, and rehabilitation centers for the aged.

Group Quarters, Persons In

Persons in living arrangements, such as nursing homes or rooming houses, which are not households. Group quarters status was determined on a complete count basis.

Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized.

Inmate of institution - A person under care or custody at time of enumeration. Inmates are persons in such facilities as homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically or mentally handicapped; persons in hospitals or wards for mental, tubercular, or chronic diseases; persons in homes for unmarried mothers, persons in nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; persons in orphanages; and persons in correctional institutions.

These persons are enumerated as residents of an institution regardless of their length of stay in the particular place and regardless of the number of people in the places. Some tabulations include data by major types of institutions (home for the aged, mental hospital, correctional institution and other institutions).

Other persons in group quarters - Persons living in group quarters who are not inmates of institutions. Rooming and boarding houses, communes, farm and non-farm workers' dormitories, convents or monasteries and other living quarters are classified as "other" group quarters if there are 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire; or if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "other" group quarters regardless of the number or relationship of people in the unit. These include persons residing in military barracks, on ships, in college dormitories, or in sorority and fraternity houses; patients in general or maternity wards of hospitals who have no usual residence elsewhere; staff members in institutional quarters; and persons enumerated in missions, flophouses, Salvation Army shelters, railroad stations, etc.

Type of Noninstitutional Group Quarters

By U.S. Census Bureau

The classification of noninstitutional group quarters used in this report recognizes the following types.

Rooming House - this category includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with nine or more persons not related to the householder. This category also includes the small number of persons temporarily residing in hotels, motels, and Ys charging more than $4 per night and residential clubs at the time of enumeration who had no permanent residence elsewhere.

Military Quarters - military personnel living in barracks or dormitories on base, transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and military ships are included in this category. Residents of housing units on military

Colleges and Universities not Headquartered in Boston
But with Some City Locations

1. Harvard Medical School
2. Harvard Business School
3. Harvard School of Public Health
4. Tufts Medical School
5. Tufts Dental School
6. Boston College - Some Facilities

Private (2-Year) Institutions - Boston 1985
(Associate Degree)

1. American Institute of Banking
2. Bay State Junior College
3. Chamberlayne Junior College
4. Fisher Junior College
5. Forsyth School for Dental Hygiene
6. Franklin Institute of Boston
7. Laboure Junior College
8. New England Institute of Applied Arts and Sciences
9. Newbury College

Public (2-Year) Institutions - Boston 1985

1. Bunker Hill Community College
2. Roxbury Community College

Private Colleges and Universities - Boston 1985
(B.A. Degree or Above)

1. Berklee College of Music
2. Boston Architectural Center
3. Boston Conservatory of Music
4. Boston University
5. Emerson College
6. Emmanuel College
7. Mass. College of Pharmacy and Allied Health Sciences
8. Mass. General Hospital Institute Health Professions
9. New England College of Optometry
10. New England Conservatory of Music
11. New England School of Law
12. Northeastern University
13. The School of the Museum of Fine Arts
14. St. Clement's Seminary
15. St. John's Seminary
16. Simmons College
17. Suffolk University
18. Wentworth Institute of Technology
19. Wheelock College

Public Colleges and Universities - Boston 1985
(B.A. Degree or Above)

1. Massachusetts College of Art
2. University of Massachusetts at Boston (Harbor Campus)

Post Secondary Educational Institutions, 1985
(Based in Boston)*

Colleges and Universities (BA+)	21
Private	19
Public	2
Two-Year Institutions (AA)	10
Private	
Public	
Schools of Nursing	5
Diploma	3
Practical Nursing	2
Career/Technical Schools	26
Public Post-Secondary Vocational/Technical School	0
Total	62

Note: These are Boston-based schools only. Several divisions of non-Boston such as Harvard Medical and Business Schools, Tufts Medical-Dental, etc. are located but not based in Boston.

School of Nursing Diploma Program - Boston 1985
(R.N.)

1. New England Baptist Hospital
   School of Nursing

2. New England Deaconess Hospital
   School of Nursing

3. St. Elizabeth's Hospital
   School of Nursing

Practical Nursing Programs
(L.P.N. or Health Occupation)

1. Boston City Hospital
   School of Practical Nursing

2. Lemuel Shattuck Hospital
   School of Practical Nursing

Career/Technical Schools

1. American Business Institute
2. Art Institute of Boston
3. Baystate School of Appliances
4. Burdett School
5. Butera School of Art
6. Cambridge Institute for Computer Programming
7. Chamberlain School of Retailing
8. Katherine Gibbs School
9. The Hickox Secretarial School
10. New England School of Art and Design
11. New England School of Photography
12. North Bennett Street School
13. Northeast Institute of Industrial Technology
14. Northeast School of Broadcasting
15. Peterson School of Steam Engineering
16. Radio Electronic Television Schools, Inc.
17. Rittner's School
18. The School of Fashion Design
19. Smith-McLaughlin-Hart
    Real Estate School
20. Travel School of America
21. Weist-Barron of Boston, Inc.
22. Women's Technical Institute
23. Workshop for Television and Modeling

Six Service Categories as Defined by Commonwealth of Massachusetts Committee on Criminal Justice

1. Group Care (CG)

The group care category includes group homes and half-way houses which maintain a small bed capacity and provide long-term treatment. These programs rely on community resources (public schools, medical services, community recreation and employment programs, etc.) in working with the youth in placement. Group care facilities are non-secure.

2. Specialized Group Care (SGC)

Programs included in this category provide long-term care and have a capacity of approximately 15-30 beds. These non-secure programs have a unique treatment modality and may have an on-grounds school component or vocational program. They may also rely somewhat on community resources for employment, education and recreation.

3. Residential Schools (RS)

Residential schools are large educational or vocational facilities, certified as a school. These schools usually have a full clinical component. Residential schools accept delinquents, CHINS, abused and neglected youth, privately referred youths and students with special educational needs.

4. Shelter Care (SC)

Shelter care facilities are designed to provide temporary shelter (less than two months) for youths in crisis. Some programs have a diagnostic capability. Several of the shelters used exclusively for delinquents offer some degree of security.

5. Secure Programs (SP)

Each program in this category relies on locks, bars, security screens, staffing patterns, enclosures, or any combination thereof for security measures. Youths do not have access to the community. There are three types of programs in this category. Secure detention programs are used for the temporary detainment of accused or adjudicated juvenile offenders. The Bureau of Clinical Services of the Department of Youth Services coordinates secure treatment programs. These programs are locked, closed treatment facilities with full on-grounds programming. Secure Mental Health Group

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
DIVISION OF ALCOHOLISM
HALFWAY HOUSE ADMISSIONS PROFILE
PRIMARY CLIENTS

PERIOD 07/01/85 TO 06/30/86 RUN ON 08/19/86

NBR	AGENCY NAME	TOTAL ADMIT	AVG AGE	MALE %	RACE %WHT	%BLK	%HSP	%OTH	MARITAL STATUS %NVR	%MAR	%OTH	AVG YRS EDUC	EMPLOYMENT % FULL PART	UNEMP	NOT IN
1-3020	BEACON HOUSE (MEN)	55	36.1	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.4	3.6	60.0	12.5	3.6	1.8	89.1	5.5
1-3025	BERKSHIRE WEST	38	32.7	78.9	94.7	2.6	2.6	0.0	47.4	7.9	44.7	12.3	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
1-3050	TURNING POINT	48	34.5	100.0	83.3	14.6	2.1	0.0	60.4	8.3	31.3	11.6	0.0	0.0	87.5	12.5
1-3130	HAIRSTON HOUSE	76	34.3	100.0	96.1	2.6	1.3	0.0	60.5	2.6	36.8	12.0	5.3	2.6	90.8	1.3
1-3235	MY SISTERS HOUSE	69	30.5	0.0	81.2	15.9	1.4	1.4	56.5	4.3	39.1	12.0	2.9	0.0	94.2	2.9
1-3270	OPPORTUNITY HOUSE	157	34.5	100.0	91.1	6.4	1.9	0.6	54.1	2.5	43.3	11.6	2.5	0.0	93.6	3.8
1-3275	GAMDAPA HALFWAY	78	36.7	93.6	0.0	0.0	98.7	1.3	59.0	7.7	33.3	7.8	1.3	0.0	84.6	14.1
1-3385	ETHOS I	85	30.5	84.7	72.9	24.7	1.2	1.2	65.9	4.7	29.4	11.6	4.7	1.2	74.1	20.0
1-3450	BEACON HOUSE (WOMEN)	46	33.9	0.0	95.7	2.2	2.2	0.0	50.0	4.3	45.7	12.8	4.3	2.2	87.0	6.5
2-3045	CHANNING I	51	33.0	100.0	43.1	41.2	13.7	2.0	62.7	13.7	23.5	11.4	5.9	2.0	88.2	3.9
2-3060	CROZIER HOUSE	81	32.7	100.0	87.7	2.5	3.7	6.2	53.1	8.6	38.3	11.5	1.2	0.0	98.8	0.0
2-3065	RUTLAND YOUTH RES	61	15.8	59.0	91.8	0.0	6.6	1.6	100.0	0.0	0.0	8.4	1.6	3.3	16.4	78.7
2-3090	FAITH HOUSE	63	28.6	0.0	90.5	4.8	1.6	3.2	46.0	12.7	41.3	11.5	1.6	0.0	82.5	15.9
2-3280	PATHWAY HOUSE	49	37.0	100.0	95.9	0.0	2.0	2.0	38.8	14.3	46.9	12.4	10.2	0.0	89.8	0.0
2-3305	CHANNING II	55	28.6	0.0	76.4	20.0	3.6	0.0	50.9	9.1	40.0	11.4	0.0	0.0	85.5	14.5
3-3210	LINK HOUSE	64	36.0	100.0	96.9	3.1	0.0	0.0	53.1	12.5	34.4	12.1	6.3	1.6	71.9	20.3
3-3215	FOUNDATION HOUSE	60	32.1	98.3	91.7	1.7	5.0	1.7	60.0	5.0	35.0	10.9	10.0	0.0	80.0	10.0
3-3220	LOWELL HOUSE	65	32.2	76.9	81.5	4.6	13.8	0.0	61.5	7.7	30.8	11.0	3.1	1.5	81.5	13.8
4-3030	CASPAR (MEN)	200	40.0	100.0	86.0	10.0	3.0	1.0	43.5	3.5	53.0	11.9	11.0	0.0	80.0	9.0
4-3190	HURLEY HOUSE	53	35.2	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.9	15.1	34.0	11.7	58.5	7.5	28.3	5.7
4-3425	WOMANPLACE (CASPAR)	85	31.6	0.0	77.6	18.8	2.4	1.2	55.3	4.7	40.0	12.3	9.4	3.5	64.7	22.4
5-3055	CASA ESPERANZA	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5-3110	FLYNN HOUSE I	259	36.1	100.0	81.1	15.8	1.5	1.5	52.5	6.9	40.5	11.4	7.7	1.2	87.3	3.9
5-3120	GAVIN HOUSE	80	31.8	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	72.5	3.8	23.8	12.7	31.3	0.0	68.8	0.0
5-3125	GRANADA HOUSE	82	32.6	57.3	89.0	9.8	1.2	0.0	50.0	11.0	39.0	12.5	29.3	2.4	67.1	1.2
5-3140	HAMILTON HOUSE	95	37.3	100.0	76.8	21.1	2.1	0.0	45.3	3.2	51.6	11.7	7.4	0.0	72.6	20.0
5-3145	HARBOR LIGHT CENTER	217	36.5	76.0	64.1	31.8	2.8	1.4	53.5	9.7	36.9	11.4	2.3	0.5	76.0	21.2
5-3155	VOLUNTEAM YOUTH RES	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5-3160	HELLO HOUSE	105	33.2	100.0	83.8	15.2	1.0	0.0	69.5	3.8	26.7	12.5	7.6	0.0	92.4	0.0
5-3170	HOPE HOUSE	339	37.8	100.0	86.7	10.6	1.8	0.9	46.3	5.0	48.7	11.6	6.2	0.0	92.3	1.5
5-3200	INTERIM HOUSE	115	37.5	100.0	84.3	7.8	3.5	4.3	53.0	4.3	42.6	11.8	10.4	0.0	83.5	6.1
5-3320	REHAB & HEALTH 1&2	247	37.7	100.0	82.6	3.6	13.0	0.8	52.6	5.7	41.7	11.1	0.0	0.0	86.6	13.4
5-3337	DIMOCK HALFWAY HOUSE	80	36.9	100.0	0.0	88.8	3.8	7.5	50.0	3.8	46.3	11.2	8.8	0.0	85.0	6.3
5-3350	ST JUDE HOUSE	108	37.7	100.0	71.3	25.0	0.0	3.7	55.6	1.9	42.6	11.5	0.0	0.0	98.1	1.9
5-3370	SHEPHERD HOUSE	76	31.3	0.0	86.8	11.8	0.0	1.3	51.3	9.2	39.5	11.9	11.8	0.0	80.3	7.9
5-3420	VICTORY HOUSE	115	35.5	100.0	70.4	26.1	1.7	1.7	68.7	3.5	27.8	11.5	4.3	0.9	80.9	13.9
5-3435	WOMENS INC	19	28.3	0.0	47.4	42.1	5.3	5.3	31.6	0.0	68.4	10.4	0.0	0.0	94.7	5.3
5-3440	ANSWER HOUSE	95	33.3	100.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	56.8	8.4	34.7	12.3	27.4	0.0	72.6	0.0
6-3180	HOSPITALITY HOUSE	83	39.7	100.0	96.4	2.4	1.2	0.0	33.7	12.0	54.2	12.1	8.4	0.0	84.3	7.2
6-3360	SERENITY HOUSE	57	31.5	0.0	91.2	5.3	1.8	1.8	47.4	12.3	40.4	12.0	0.0	1.8	96.5	1.8
6-3365	SHARP	46	28.8	100.0	93.5	2.2	0.0	4.3	82.6	2.2	15.2	11.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	97.8
6-3380	SOUTH SHORE HWH	55	33.6	100.0	96.4	0.0	0.0	3.6	50.9	14.5	34.5	12.2	3.6	0.0	96.4	0.0

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BOSTON

NBR	AGENCY NAME	TOTAL ADMIT	AVG AGE	MALE %	* * RACE * * %WHT	%BLK	%HSP	%OTH	MARITAL STATUS %NVR	%MAR	%OTH	AVG YRS EDUC	% EMPLOYMENT FULL	PART	UNEMP	NOT IN
1-1020	SPRINGFIELD	3,986	39.7	86.1	75.1	17.4	7.2	0.3	37.3	14.2	48.5	11.4	16.8	3.1	68.8	11.3
1-1030	HOLYOKE DETOX	1,841	43.2	88.2	85.6	5.7	8.5	0.2	41.8	10.9	47.3	10.9	14.8	1.4	60.7	23.1
1-1070	PITTSFIELD	1,271	40.1	89.0	94.3	5.3	0.1	0.3	37.8	21.8	40.4	11.2	19.6	6.1	55.9	18.4
1-1115	GREENFIELD	1,543	39.5	86.4	96.7	1.7	0.3	1.3	31.1	9.8	59.1	11.8	13.4	4.3	66.4	15.9
2-1010	WORCESTER	2,254	42.0	87.6	90.5	6.0	1.9	1.6	33.7	10.6	55.6	11.2	12.7	5.0	60.4	21.8
2-1170	LEOMINSTER	1,701	40.6	89.9	96.8	1.4	1.2	0.6	36.7	12.1	51.2	11.3	18.6	6.5	57.8	17.0
3-1140	LOWELL	1,289	41.2	88.7	91.9	1.3	4.4	2.3	31.5	15.9	52.6	11.1	28.4	3.0	57.5	11.1
4-1090	CASPAR DETOX	1,926	41.1	90.6	86.5	7.1	2.4	4.0	39.7	6.1	54.2	11.3	8.6	3.0	73.4	15.0
4-1150	MIDDLESEX DETOX	2,370	38.6	89.2	95.6	1.9	1.3	1.2	45.2	12.2	42.6	11.9	17.6	3.3	73.6	5.4
5-1050	ANDREW HOUSE	1,749	40.9	87.7	91.7	5.5	1.3	1.5	42.9	9.4	47.7	11.5	18.4	3.1	68.7	9.8
5-1060	ENDED A. JOHNSON	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5-1080	BOSTON DETOX	2,297	39.8	90.6	72.5	19.7	6.3	1.5	59.2	7.1	33.7	11.3	5.7	1.2	71.1	22.0
5-1085	TRANS.CARE FACILITY	1,410	36.2	92.0	73.1	21.3	3.4	2.1	57.5	5.1	37.4	11.4	2.1	0.3	92.1	5.6
5-1105	DIMOCK DETOX	1,503	38.5	86.6	35.3	54.8	6.3	3.5	52.0	10.0	38.0	11.1	13.0	3.7	71.2	12.1
5-1125	MATTAPAN STAIR	641	35.4	86.0	76.3	20.4	1.6	1.7	61.6	5.1	33.2	11.3	2.8	0.2	93.6	3.4
5-1200	RIVER STREET DETOX	1,628	39.4	89.9	86.8	10.8	1.2	1.2	47.3	9.1	43.6	11.4	14.1	2.9	75.3	7.7
6-1110	FRAMINGHAM	1,188	37.5	88.8	96.2	2.4	0.9	0.5	44.9	10.7	44.4	12.0	15.2	3.3	77.5	4.0
6-1190	QUINCYDETOX	1,644	40.3	91.7	96.9	2.6	0.3	0.2	40.1	11.0	48.8	11.8	18.8	2.0	71.8	7.4
7-1040	BROCKTON	1,580	39.0	87.4	92.1	2.2	2.0	3.7	36.6	12.8	50.6	11.5	21.3	4.6	54.1	19.9
7-1100	CAPE COD	1,179	38.1	75.5	93.8	2.4	0.7	3.1	37.5	28.4	34.1	12.7	43.5	4.0	38.8	13.7
7-1160	FALL RIVER/NEW BEDFD	1,646	38.1	88.3	89.2	4.6	0.7	5.5	31.8	13.8	54.4	10.8	19.3	3.7	55.7	21.3
8-1180	NO SHORE (DANVERS)	2,036	37.6	85.5	95.7	1.4	1.5	1.4	43.4	9.3	47.3	11.4	17.0	3.0	66.5	13.4
HSA TOTALS																
1-HSA I		8,641	40.5	87.0	84.0	10.3	5.2	0.5	37.2	13.8	48.9	11.3	16.2	3.4	64.7	15.7
2-HSA II		3,955	41.4	88.6	93.2	4.0	1.6	1.2	35.0	11.3	53.7	11.3	15.2	5.7	59.3	19.8
3-HSA III		1,289	41.2	88.7	91.9	1.3	4.4	2.3	31.5	15.9	52.6	11.1	28.4	3.0	57.5	11.1
4-HSA IVA		4,296	39.7	89.8	91.5	4.2	1.8	2.5	42.7	9.5	47.8	11.6	13.6	3.2	73.5	9.7
5-HSA IVB		9,228	38.9	89.2	73.0	21.5	3.7	1.9	52.8	7.9	39.3	11.3	10.0	2.0	76.2	11.8
6-HSA IVC		2,832	39.1	90.5	96.6	2.5	0.6	0.4	42.1	10.9	47.0	11.9	17.3	2.5	74.2	6.0
7-HSA V		4,405	38.4	84.6	91.5	3.2	1.2	4.2	35.1	17.3	47.6	11.5	26.5	4.1	50.6	18.8
8-HSA VI		2,036	37.6	85.5	95.7	1.4	1.5	1.4	43.4	9.3	47.3	11.4	17.0	3.0	66.5	13.4
STATE TOTALS		36,682	39.6	88.0	85.9	9.5	3.0	1.7	41.8	11.6	46.6	11.4	16.0	3.3	66.9	13.8

Boston

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	AGENCY NAME	TOTAL ADMISSIONS	CLIENT	1 NBR	1 %	2 NBR	2 %	3 NBR	3 %	4 NBR	4 %	5 NBR	5 %	6 NBR	6 %	7-UP NBR	7-UP %
85	PROV HOS RES DF	98	87	77	88.5	9	10.3	1	1.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
10	MARATHON HOUSE	58	52	46	88.5	6	11.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
10	YES	61	60	59	98.3	1	1.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
05	TEAM COORD. AGENCY	39	37	35	94.6	2	5.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
30	FIRST HISP. ACADEMY	85	85	85	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
55	FIRST ACADEMY	78	78	78	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
05	[illegible] NADDLE	110	107	104	97.2	3	2.8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
5	WOMEN, INC.	27	27	27	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
0	EMERSON HOUSE	24	22	20	90.9	2	9.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
05	SPECTRUM HOUSE	178	171	164	95.9	7	4.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
50	PROJECT TURNABOUT	33	33	33	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
15	SURVIVAL INC.	19	19	19	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
40	ATTLEBORO YTH & FAM	71	68	65	95.6	3	4.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
90	EMERSON HOUSE	1	1	1	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
95	PROJECT COPE	80	80	80	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	1-HSA I	156	139	123	88.5	15	10.8	1	0.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	2-HSA II	61	60	59	98.3	1	1.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	3-HSA III	136	134	132	98.5	2	1.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	4-HSA IVA	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	5-HSA IVB	323	319	315	98.7	4	1.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	6-HSA IVC	231	223	215	96.4	8	3.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	7-HSA V	72	69	66	95.7	3	4.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	8-HSA VI	80	80	80	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
	STATE TOTALS	1,059	1,024	990	96.7	33	3.2	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0

DIVISION OF DRUG REHABILITATION

PERIOD 07/01/85 TO 06/30/86 RESIDENTIAL DETOX CLIENT PRIMARY CONTACT PROFILE RUN ON 09/15/86

NBR	AGENCY NAME	TOTAL PRIMARY	AVG AGE	MALE %	*** %WHT	RACE %BLK	%HSP	*** %OTH	MARITAL STATUS %NVR	%MAR	%OTH	AVG YRS EDUC	% EMPLOYMENT FULL	PART	UNEMP
1-5000	AL/SUB ABUSE R DX	109	32.2	57.8	66.1	14.7	19.3	0.0	45.9	17.4	36.7	11.4	11.9	1.8	86.2
2-5005	SPECTRUM HOUSE	502	29.5	58.2	86.1	5.2	8.8	0.0	50.8	17.7	31.5	11.8	15.9	5.6	78.5
5-5100	DORCHESTER DETOX	418	31.6	58.1	48.8	40.9	8.4	1.9	58.1	16.0	25.8	11.6	12.7	2.2	85.2
7-5500	CTR FOR ALC PROBLEMS	307	29.6	70.7	86.0	7.8	2.0	4.2	51.5	15.0	33.6	11.0	16.9	2.3	80.8
8-5600	NSHORE C ON ALCH DET	110	28.2	64.5	90.9	7.3	0.9	0.9	58.2	15.5	26.4	11.1	15.5	3.6	80.9
HSA TOTALS															
1-HSA I		109	32.2	57.8	66.1	14.7	19.3	0.0	45.9	17.4	36.7	11.4	11.9	1.8	86.2
2-HSA II		502	29.5	58.2	86.1	5.2	8.8	0.0	50.8	17.7	31.5	11.8	15.9	5.6	78.5
3-HSA III		0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4-HSA IVA		0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5-HSA IVB		418	31.6	58.1	48.8	40.9	8.4	1.9	58.1	16.0	25.8	11.6	12.7	2.2	85.2
6-HSA IVC		0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7-HSA V		307	29.6	70.7	86.0	7.8	2.0	4.2	51.5	15.0	33.6	11.0	16.9	2.3	80.8
8-HSA VI		110	28.2	64.5	90.9	7.3	0.9	0.9	58.2	15.5	26.4	11.1	15.5	3.6	80.9
STATE TOTALS		1,446	30.2	61.3	74.1	16.9	7.4	1.5	53.3	16.5	30.3	11.5	14.9	3.5	81.7

Boston's Institutions of Higher Education
Survey of Enrollment and Residency Patterns
at Boston Campus

School: _____

Please fill in the appropriate numbers, where applicable to your institution.

	1980	1985
I. Total Enrollment (Boston Campus)		
A) Full-Time		
Undergraduate		
Graduate		
B) Part-Time		
Undergraduate		
Graduate		
II. Residency Patterns [Total Enrollment at Boston Campus]		
A) Full-Time Students [Total]		
1. Student Residents Living in University Housing		
Dormitories*		
Apartments, Houses, etc.		
Other _____		
2. Student Residents Living in Non-University Housing [Boston]		
At Home with Parents		
Apartments, Houses, etc.		
Other, e.g. Fraternity _____		
3. Students Living Outside of Boston		
B) Part-Time Students [Total]		
1. Student Residents Living in University Housing		
2. Student Residents Living in Non-University Housing [Boston]		
At Home with Parents		
Apartments, Houses, etc.		
Other _____		
3. Students Living Outside of Boston		

* If applicable, please indicate the number of dormitories at your institution (in 1980 and 1985)

	1990	1995
III. Future Enrollment and Housing Projections		
A) Total Boston Campus Enrollment		
Full-Time		
Part-Time		
B) Residency Patterns [% Breakdown]		
1. Student Residents Living in University Housing		
2. Student Residents Living in Non-University Housing		
3. Students Living Outside of Boston		

RES11/E/071186

BOSTON'S GROUP QUARTERS POPULATION 1985

* NO 1980 DATA FOR 1 SCHOOL † NO 1985 DATA FOR 1 SCHOOL

NEIGHBORHOOD (SUB-NEIGHBORHOOD)	1	2	TOTAL GROUP QUARTERS	4	SUB-TOTAL INSTITUTIONAL	MENTAL HOSPITALS & REHAB CTRS.	# RESIDENTS HOMES FOR THE AGED	1985 (%) RESIDENTS RURAL HOMES FOR THE AGED	9	DORMITORY RESIDENTS 1980	DORMITORY RESIDENTS 1985	1985 (%) OF DORMITORY TOTAL	1985 LODGING HOUSE RESIDENTS	1985 (%) TOTAL LODGING HOUSE RESIDENTS	DETOX CENTERS	16
BOSTON - TOTAL							4553				17779		3067			
ALLSTON/BRIGHTON																
(001) ALLSTON							0	0		618	915	5.1	96	3.1		
(002) BRIGHTON							510	11.2		215	199	1.1	20	0.6		
(003) COMMONWEALTH							183	4.0		0	0	0	10	0.3		
BACK BAY / BEACON HILL (004)							0	0		549 *	660 *	3.7	973	31.7		
CHARLESTOWN																
(005) MEDFORD ST. - THE NECK							0	0		0	0	0	14	0.5		
(006) THOMPSON - BUNKER HILL MONUMT							0	0		0	0	0	39	1.3		
CENTRAL																
(007) CHINATOWN - S. COVE - BAY VILLAGE							0	0		123 †	142	0.8	197	6.4		
(021) DOWNTOWN - CENTRAL - WEST END							0	0		0	0	0	0	0		
(048) NORTH END - WATERFRONT							140	3.1		0	0	0	0	0		
NORTH DORCHESTER																
(008) COLUMBIA - SAVIN HILL - COLUMBIA PT.							26	0.6		0	0	0	0	0		
(010) UPHAMS CORNER - JONES HILL							228	5.0		0	0	0	16	0.5		
SOUTH DORCHESTER																
(011) ASHMONT							138	3.0		0	0	0	0			
(012) BOWDOIN N., MT. BOWDOIN							0	0		0	0	0	0			
(013) CODMAN SQ. - EAST WE CAN - EAST COD HILL							47	1.0		0	0	0	12	0.4		
(014) EAST LOWER MILLS - CEDAR GROVE							42	0.9		38	34	0.2	16	0.5		
(015) FIELDS CORNER EAST							0	0		0	0	0	14	0.5		
(016) FIELDS CORNER WEST							0	0		0	0	0	0	0		
(017) MEETING HOUSE HILL							0	0		0	0	0	10	0.3		
(018) NEPONSET - PORT NORFOLK							109	2.4		0	0	0	0	0		
(019) ST. MARKS							0	0		0	0	0	0	0		

BOSTON'S GROUP QUARTERS POPULATION

* N.H. - NO 1980 DATA

NEIGHBORHOOD (SUB-NEIGHBORHOOD)	TOTAL GROUP QUARTERS	SUB-TOTAL INSTITUTIONAL	MENTAL HOSPITALS & REHAB. CTRS.	# RESIDENTS HOMES FOR THE AGED	1985 (%) RESIDENT POP. IN HOMES FOR THE AGED	DORMITORY RESIDENTS 1980	DORMITORY RESIDENTS 1985	1985 (%) OF DORMITORY TOTAL	1985 LODGING HOUSE RESIDENTS	1985 (%) OF TOTAL LODGING HOUSE RESIDENTS
EAST BOSTON										
(023) CENTRAL + MAVERICK SQS. - PARIS ST. FLATS				0	0	0	0	0	24	0.8
(024) EAGLE HILL				25	0.5	0	0	0	0	0
(025) HARBOR VIEW - ORIENT HEIGHTS				304	6.7	0	0	0	0	0
(026) JEFFRIES POINT - AIRPORT				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FENWAY / KENMORE										
(027) FENWAY				0	0	1595 *	5822	32.7	185	6.0
(028) KENMORE				0	0	19	38	0.2	364	11.9
(029) WEST FENS				0	0	0	0	0	42	1.4
(045) MISSION HILL / MEDICAL AREA				0	0	1713	1749	9.8	17	0.6
HYDE PARK										
(033) FAIRMONT HILLS				123	2.7	0	0	0	0	0
(034) GEORGETOWN				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(035) READVILLE				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(036) STONY BROOK - CLEARY SQ.				0	0	0	0	0	15	0.5
(037) WEST ST. - RIVER ST.				173	3.8	0	0	0	0	0
JAMAICA PLAIN										
(040) HYDE SQUARE				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(041) JAM. CNTR. - SUMNER HILL - J. STR. - STONY BK.				205	4.5	0	0	0	158	5.2
(042) JAMAICA HILLS				323	7.1	0	0	0	83	2.7
(046) MISSION HILL PROJECTS				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(049) MISSION HILL - TOP, BACK, RTE, DELLE AV.				429	9.4	175	119	0.7	18	0.6
MATTAPAN										
(020) W. WEDAN - W. COD'N HILL - W. LOWTHORN				62	1.4	0	0	0	0	0
(031) FRANKLIN FIELD SOUTH				0	0	0	0	0	13	0.4
(043) SOUTHERN MATTAPAN				148	3.3	0	0	0	0	0
(044) WELLINGTON HILL				0	0	0	0	0	0	0

BOSTON'S GROUP QUARTERS POPULATION

NEIGHBORHOOD (SUB-NEIGHBORHOOD)	TOTAL GROUP QUARTERS	SUB-TOTAL INSTITUTIONAL	MENTAL HOSPITALS & REHAB. CTRS.	HOMES FOR THE AGED	1985 (%) HOMES FOR THE AGED	DORMITORY RESIDENTS 1980	DORMITORY RESIDENTS 1985	1985 (%) OF DORMITORY TOTAL	1985 LODGING HOUSE RESIDENTS	1985 (%)
ROSLINDALE										
(039) FOREST HILLS - WOODBOURNE				0	0	48	51	0.3	0	0
(049) CENTER SOUTH				709	15.6	0	0	0	0	0
(050) LOWER WASHINGTON - MT. HOPE				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(051) METROPOLITAN HILL - BEECH				0	0	0	0	0	10	0.3
SOUTH BOSTON										
(056) CITY POINT				103	2.3	0	0	0	0	0
(057) COLUMBUS PARK - ANDREW SQ.				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(058) D. STREET - W. BROADWAY - NORTH				0	0	0	0	0	8	0.3
(060) TELEGRAPH HILL				487	10.7	0	0	0	89	2.9
SOUTH END (061)				0	0	0	0	0	600	19.6
ROXBURY										
(009) DUDLEY - BRUNSWICK KING				0	0	0	0	0	18	0.6
(030) FRANKLIN FIELD NORTH				146	3.2	0	0	0	0	0
(038) EGLESTON SQUARE				189	4.2	0	0	0	0	0
(052) HIGHLAND PARK				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(053) LOWER ROXBURY				0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(054) SAV - MOR				38	0.8	0	0	0	0	0
(055) WASHINGTON PARK				248	5.4	0	0	0	0	0
WEST ROXBURY										
(062) BELLEVUE HILL				0	0	0	0	0	6	0.2
(063) BROOK FARM PARKWAY				225	4.9	0	0	0	0	0
(064) UPPER WASHINGTON - SPRING				256	5.6	0	0	0	0	0
HARBOR ISLANDS & CREWS OF VESSELS										

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